

Application Note

HSI Frequency Adjustment

Introduction

This application note provides a frequency adjustment method for HSI, which is convenient for users to adjust the HSI frequency according to their specific requirements during regular operation.

This document is only applicable to Nsing MCU products. Currently, the supported product series include N32G43x series, N32L43x series, N32L40x series.

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1 Overview

The MCU provides a variety of clocks for users to choose, including an internal RC oscillator (HSI: high-speed internal oscillator of 16MHz). The HSI can be used as the system clock without any external components.

Voltage and temperature have an impact on the accuracy of RC oscillator in users' application scenario. The HSI frequency is adjusted by setting the afec_hsi_opt[24:16] bit in the TRIMR1 register. The HSI coarse trimming step is about 700kHz by setting afec_hsi_opt[24:21] bits, while the HSI fine trimming step is about 40kHz by setting afec_hsi_opt[20:16] bits.

2 Operation Method

2.1 Parameter Definition

The following parameters are predefined:

```
/** hsi_opt_dec **/  
  
#define AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM0 ((uint32_t)0x0<<21)  
#define AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM1 ((uint32_t)0x1<<21)  
#define AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM2 ((uint32_t)0x2<<21)  
#define AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM3 ((uint32_t)0x3<<21)  
#define AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM4 ((uint32_t)0x4<<21)  
#define AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM5 ((uint32_t)0x5<<21)  
#define AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM6 ((uint32_t)0x6<<21)  
#define AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM7 ((uint32_t)0x7<<21)  
#define AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM8 ((uint32_t)0x8<<21) //default  
#define AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM9 ((uint32_t)0x9<<21)  
#define AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM10 ((uint32_t)0xA<<21)  
#define AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM11 ((uint32_t)0xB<<21)  
#define AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM12 ((uint32_t)0xC<<21)  
#define AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM13 ((uint32_t)0xD<<21)  
#define AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM14 ((uint32_t)0xE<<21)  
#define AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM15 ((uint32_t)0xF<<21)  
  
#define IS_AFEC_HSI_OPT(NUM) \  
    (((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM0) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM1) \  
     || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM2) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM3) \  
     || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM4) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM5) \  
     || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM6) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM7) \  
     || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM8) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM9) \  
     || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM10) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM11) \  
     || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM12) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM13) \  
     || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM14) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_OPT_NUM15))
```

```
/** hsi_trim_dec **/  
  
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM0 ((uint32_t)0x0<<16)  
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM1 ((uint32_t)0x1<<16)  
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM2 ((uint32_t)0x2<<16)  
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM3 ((uint32_t)0x3<<16)  
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM4 ((uint32_t)0x4<<16)  
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM5 ((uint32_t)0x5<<16) //default  
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM6 ((uint32_t)0x6<<16)  
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM7 ((uint32_t)0x7<<16)  
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM8 ((uint32_t)0x8<<16)
```

```

#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM9    (((uint32_t)0x9<<16)
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM10   (((uint32_t)0xA<<16)
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM11   (((uint32_t)0xB<<16)
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM12   (((uint32_t)0xC<<16)
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM13   (((uint32_t)0xD<<16)
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM14   (((uint32_t)0xE<<16)
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM15   (((uint32_t)0xF<<16)
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM16   (((uint32_t)0x10<<16)
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM17   (((uint32_t)0x11<<16)
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM18   (((uint32_t)0x12<<16)
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM19   (((uint32_t)0x13<<16)
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM20   (((uint32_t)0x14<<16)
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM21   (((uint32_t)0x15<<16)
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM22   (((uint32_t)0x16<<16)
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM23   (((uint32_t)0x17<<16)
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM24   (((uint32_t)0x18<<16)
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM25   (((uint32_t)0x19<<16)
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM26   (((uint32_t)0x1A<<16)
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM27   (((uint32_t)0x1B<<16)
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM28   (((uint32_t)0x1C<<16)
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM29   (((uint32_t)0x1D<<16)
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM30   (((uint32_t)0x1E<<16)
#define AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM31   (((uint32_t)0x1F<<16)

#define IS_AFEC_HSI_TRIM(NUM) \
    ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM0) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM1) \
|| ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM2) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM3) \
|| ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM4) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM5) \
|| ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM6) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM7) \
|| ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM8) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM9) \
|| ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM10) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM11) \
|| ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM12) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM13) \
|| ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM14) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM15) \
|| ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM16) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM17) \
|| ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM18) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM19) \
|| ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM20) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM21) \
|| ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM22) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM23) \
|| ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM24) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM25) \
|| ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM26) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM27) \
|| ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM28) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM29) \
|| ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM30) || ((NUM) == AFEC_HSI_TRIM_NUM31))

```

2.2 Method of Use

2.2.1 API Functions

Call the following API function, and the MCU sets the TRIM1[24:16] bits to calibrate the frequency of the internal RC oscillator HSI.

```
void AFEC_ConfigHSITrim(uint32_t HSI_OPT, uint32_t HSI_TRIM)
{
    uint32_t tmpregister = 0;

    /* Check the parameters */
    assert_param(IS_AFEC_HSI_OPT(HSI_OPT));
    assert_param(IS_AFEC_HSI_TRIM(HSI_TRIM));

    tmpregister = AFEC->TRIMR1;

    /* Clear OPT and TRIM[24:16] bits */
    tmpregister &= ((uint32_t)0xFE00FFFF);

    /* Set OPT[24:21] bits according to AFEC_HSI_OPT value */
    tmpregister |= HSI_OPT;

    /* Set OPT[20:16] bits according to AFEC_HSI_TRIM value */
    tmpregister |= HSI_TRIM;

    /* Store the new value */
    AFEC->TRIMR1 = tmpregister;
}
```

2.2.2 System Clock Setting

Refer to the following function, you can set the system clock to 16MHz with using HSI as system clock source.

```
void SetSysClockToHSI(void)
{
    uint32_t msi_ready_flag = RESET;

    RCC_EnableHsi(ENABLE);

    /* Wait till HSI is ready */
    HSIStrtUpStatus = RCC_WaitHsiStable();

    if (HSIStrtUpStatus == SUCCESS)
    {
```

```
/* Enable Prefetch Buffer */
FLASH_PrefetchBufSet(FLASH_PrefetchBuf_EN);

if(((*(_IO uint8_t*)((UCID_BASE + 0x2))) == 0x01)
|| ((*(_IO uint8_t*)((UCID_BASE + 0x2))) == 0x11)
|| ((*(_IO uint8_t*)((UCID_BASE + 0x2))) == 0xFF))
{
    /* Check if MSI is Ready */
    if(RESET == RCC_GetFlagStatus(RCC_CTRLSTS_FLAG_MSIRD))
    {
        /* Enable MSI and Config Clock */
        RCC_ConfigMsi(RCC_MSI_ENABLE, RCC_MSI_RANGE_4M);
        /* Waits for MSI start-up */
        while(SUCCESS != RCC_WaitMsiStable());

        msi_ready_flag = SET;
    }
    /* Select MSI as system clock source */
    RCC_ConfigSysclk(RCC_SYSCLK_SRC_MSI);

    /* Disable PLL */
    RCC_EnablePll(DISABLE);

    RCC_ConfigPll(RCC_PLL_HSI_PRE_DIV2, RCC_PLL_MUL_2, RCC_PLLDIVCLK_DISABLE);

    /* Enable PLL */
    RCC_EnablePll(ENABLE);

    /* Wait till PLL is ready */
    while (RCC_GetFlagStatus(RCC_CTRL_FLAG_PLLRDF) == RESET);

    /* Select PLL as system clock source */
    RCC_ConfigSysclk(RCC_SYSCLK_SRC_PLLCLK);

    /* Wait till PLL is used as system clock source */
    while (RCC_GetSysclkSrc() != 0x0C);

    if(msi_ready_flag == SET)
    {
        /* MSI oscillator OFF */
        RCC_ConfigMsi(RCC_MSI_DISABLE, RCC_MSI_RANGE_4M);
    }
}
else
```

```
{\n    /* Select HSI as system clock source */\n    RCC_ConfigSysclk(RCC_SYSCLK_SRC_HSI);\n\n    /* Wait till HSI is used as system clock source */\n    while (RCC_GetSysclkSrc() != 0x04)\n    {\n        {\n        }\n    }\n\n    /* Flash 0 wait state */\n    FLASH_SetLatency(FLASH_LATENCY_0);\n\n    /* HCLK = SYSCLK */\n    RCC_ConfigHclk(RCC_SYSCLK_DIV1);\n\n    /* PCLK2 = HCLK */\n    RCC_ConfigPclk2(RCC_HCLK_DIV1);\n\n    /* PCLK1 = HCLK */\n    RCC_ConfigPclk1(RCC_HCLK_DIV1);\n}\n\nelse\n{\n    /* If HSI fails to start-up, the application will have wrong clock configuration.\n       User can add here some code to deal with this error */\n\n    /* Go to infinite loop */\n    while (1)\n    {\n    }\n}\n}
```

2.3 Application Example

Please refer to the application note example RCC_HSIClockTrim, which demonstrates how to adjust the HSI frequency. You can visualize the frequency changes on oscilloscope while HSI frequency is being measured.

3 Version History

Version	Date	Changes
V1.0	2021.06.10	Initial version

4 Disclaimer

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